

DIDACT

PPIE Top Tips



1. Reassurance

For patients with or without preferences, they can be reassured that:

- The doctor has decided that both treatments are suitable for their fracture
- There are positives and negatives to both treatment pathways
- Sling patients will be reviewed for surgery at 3 months
- Whatever happens for either treatment, they will be taken care of by being part of a national trial



2. Appeal to Altruism

You can suggest that taking part in the study is for the greater good. It will benefit future patients with this shoulder problem. The study will advance our medical knowledge of treating collarbone fractures.



3. Value of NHS

Taking part means giving back to the NHS. It will help the NHS to offer the best value for money. The NHS is here to support the patient with their care.



4. Shared Decision Making

Surgeons need the evidence to discuss treatment options with patients to agree on the most appropriate care that will lead to the best outcomes for them.



5. Positive Approach

If a patient asks the surgeon to decide, the surgeon can explain both options are routinely used in the NHS and lead to good outcomes. We genuinely don't know whether one option is better than the other or are alternatives to each other which is why the patient is being put forward for the study.

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ytu-didact@york.ac.uk



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